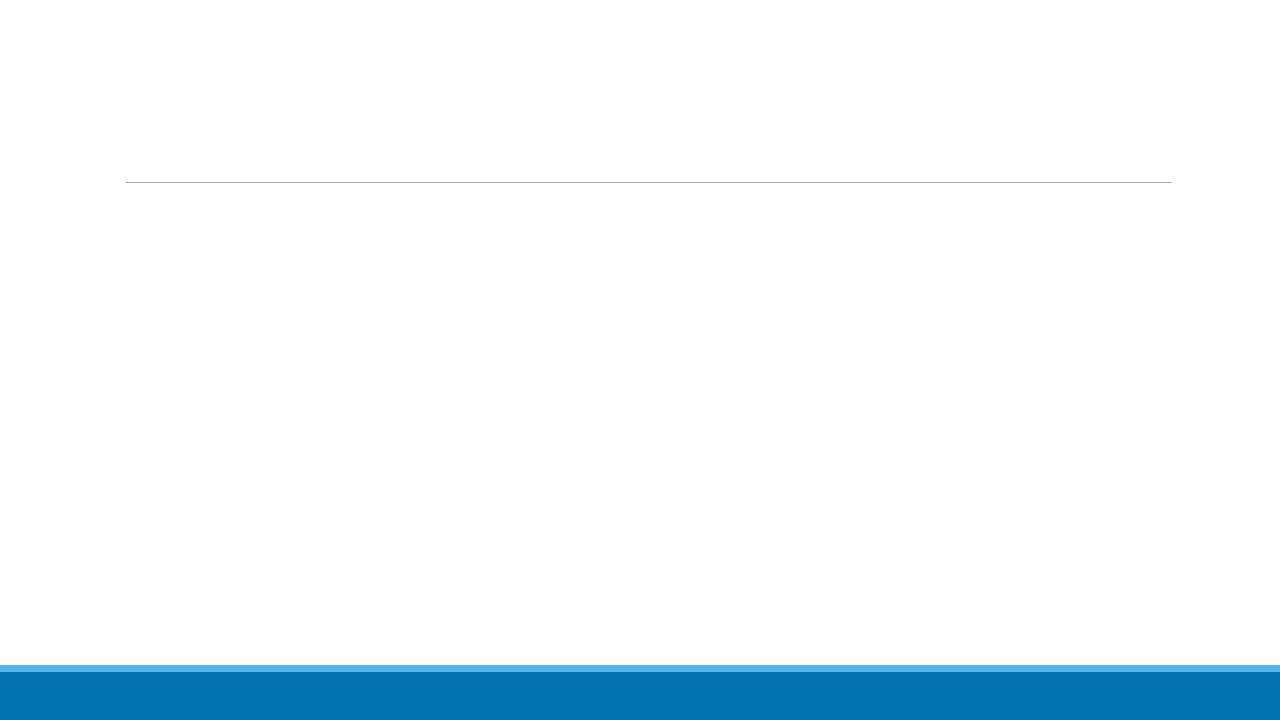


Funding for Texas public schools comes from three main sources: local school district property taxes, state funds primarily from state sales taxes, and federal funds.

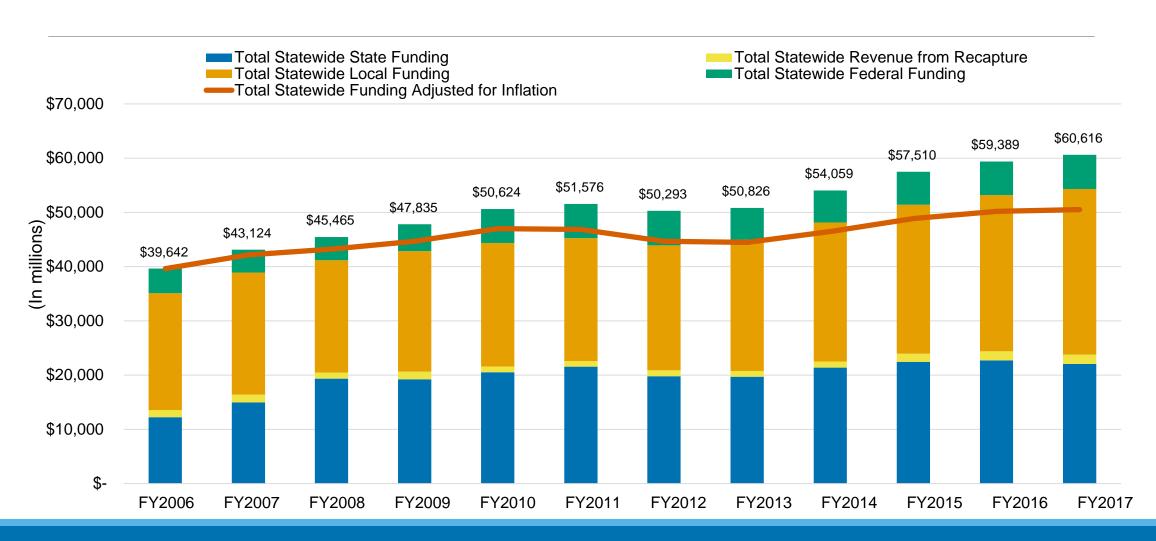
This presentation shows the history of public education funding in Texas and explains what is included in each funding source.

The charts in this presentation combine districtevel revenues with state-level expenditures and appropriations for each fiscal year to determine an annual amount spent on public education.



	Funding (inmillions)	FY2007	FY2009	FY2011	FY2013	FY2015	FY2017
	Windham Schools (appropriations)	\$58	\$59	\$64	\$48	\$51	\$51
	Regional Education Service Centers (appropriations)	\$21	\$21	\$21	\$13	\$13	\$13
State Funds -	TRS Supplementa Appropriations (appropriations)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$102	\$768	\$16
	TEA State Vendd ayments (expenditures)	\$0	\$284	\$357	\$236	\$212	\$151
	TEA Administrative Costs (expenditures)	\$81	\$91	\$94	\$72	\$98	\$96s <b>e</b> \$0
	State Funding for						







Total Statewide State Fundingas	
increased 14% from \$19.3 billion in	
FY2008 to \$22.1 billion in FY2017.	
Total Statewide Revenue from	
Recapture has increased 51% from	
\$1.1 hillion in FY2008 to \$1.7 hillion	

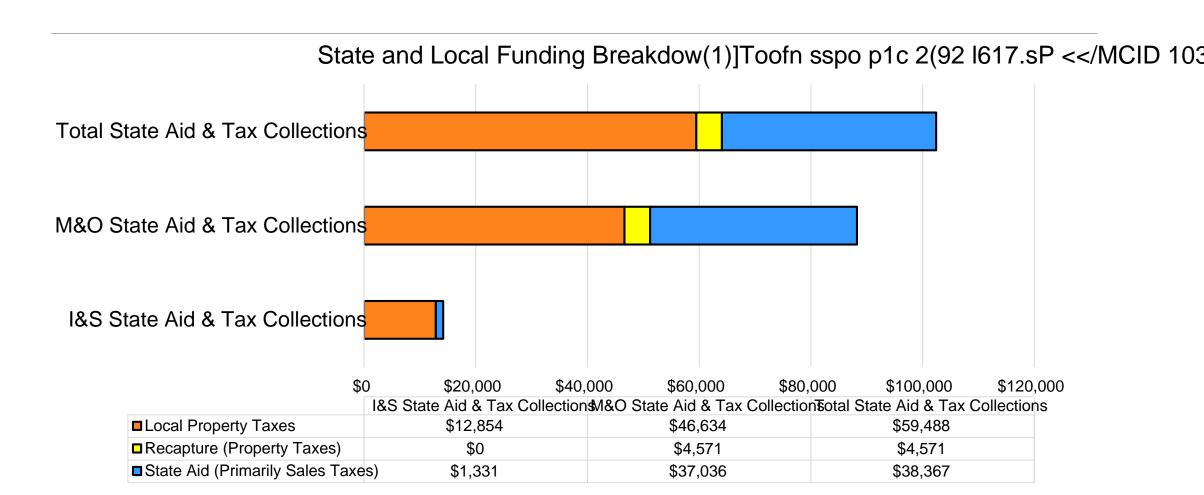
Total Statewide Local Funding as increased 48% from \$20.7 billion in FY2008 to \$30.6 billion in FY2017.

in FY2017.

Total Statewide Federal Fundings increased 47% from \$4.3 billion in FY2008 to \$6.3 billion in FY2017.

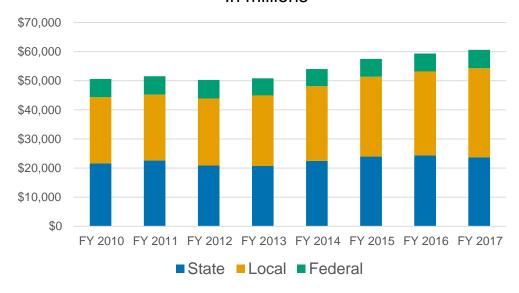


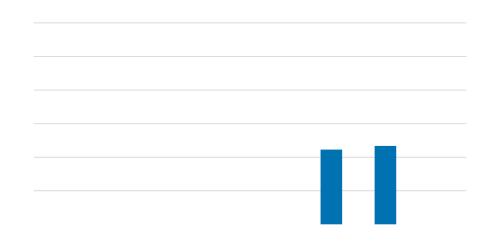






PEIMS Data
State, Local and Federal Funding, 2012017
In millions





## LBB produces two figures relating to public education funding:

- Pre-k thru 12 public education funding, which includes all appropriations to TEA
- Foundation School Program (FSP) state are

FSP state share calculation includes only the state aid and local revenue that is statutorily defined as part of the FSP tified in the entitlement funding formulas and mechanisms established in Texas Education Code CH 41, 42, and 46.